

Why do Hindus try to be good?

Construction

Prior & Future Knowledge

In KS2 you will learn about:

'Aum' and the three distinct sounds.

Brahma and the Hindu cycle of life and death.

The Trimurti—Brahma (the creator), Vishnu (the preserver) and Shiva (destroyer).

Hindus call their religion 'Sanatan Dharma' which means the Eternal Way.

Dharma—social, moral and religious duties.



My Component Knowledge:

Lesson 1: What beliefs do Hindus have?

Lesson 2: What are the Hindu beliefs of dharma, karma, samsara and moksha?

Lesson 3: What is good and bad karma?

Lesson 4: What duties do Hindus have?

Lesson 5: How and why do Hindus support the world-wide community?

Lesson 6: Why do Hindus try to be good?

My Composite Knowledge:

I can understand, compare and discuss Hinduism. I can consider the core beliefs of this religion and formulate my own opinion of it.

My Powerful Knowledge:

Using evidence and examples, show how and why people put their beliefs into action in different ways. For example, in different communities, denominations or cultures.



What are the Hindu beliefs surrounding reincarnation?

What do Hindus believe about the circle of life and faith?

What do Hindus believe about forgiveness?

Key Vocabulary

Tier 1: beliefs, differences, compare

Tier 2: Hindu, Hinduism, reincarnation, Krishna, Brahma

Tier 3: Dharma, Karma, Moksha, Artha, Yama, pyre, samsara